







Welcome!

This document represents the next step in the development of a set of competences for trainers working at international level. The model has six competence areas, namely 'Understanding and facilitating individual and group learning processes', 'Learning to learn', 'Designing educational programmes', 'Cooperating successfully in teams', 'Communicating meaningfully with others', and 'Intercultural competence'. The SALTO Training & Cooperation Resource Centre has teamed up with international experts to further develop the initial competence model by adding quality criteria and indicators for each competence area. These will assist stakeholders in using the model for various purposes, to develop it further, and to use it in a variety of training (providers') contexts. Since this is an on going and dynamic process, we warmly welcome your input. Send us your feedback on training@salto-youth.net!

The document with the basic model and the glossary are behind: https://www.salto-youth.net/trainercompetences

Introduction

The competence model is divided into six competence areas, each with their own criteria plus by one or several indicators.

Criteria are the principles or standards according to which the effectiveness and potential success of the competences in question may be assessed. Each criterion is described related to knowledge, skills and attitudes.

Indicators are obvious elements that demonstrate that the criteria have been met. They describe actions and reactions expressed in terms of

- ways of thinking and approaching (applying knowledge);
- ways of doing (expressing skills);
- ways of expressing emotions or attitudes).

These indicators can therefore be understood as **behavioural indicators**.

Youth work and non-formal learning

This competence model is aligned specifically with the European youth work context and the principles of non-formal learning. The former represents the backdrop of the competence model as such, while the latter are transversal and applicable to each and every competence. The principles of non-formal learning are¹:

- Learner-centeredness (i.e., a focus on the learner and their development)
- Agreement between trainers and learners on learning objectives
- Transparency
- Confidentiality
- Attention to content and methodology
- Voluntariness
- Participation
- Ownership
- Democratic values and practices

How to approach the competence model

Taking the above principles into account, this competence model should be seen as a framework that can be adjusted to various training situations, strategies and contexts and as a source of input for further discussions and supporting various implementation measures. In other words, it is not meant to be a 'must-have' list of competences that all trainers working in the European youth work field should possess to the same degree, but rather a possible series of training-related competences, optional support

H. Otten, H. Fennes (2008): Salto Training & Cooperation Resource Centre. Quality in non-formal education and training in the field of European youth work.

mechanisms, and elements for trainers to consider while developing training courses and training modules, or while undergoing further professional training. Neither should it be seen as a closed process, but rather as a dynamic document that keeps on evolving.

Because of the range of trainers' educational and cultural backgrounds and in order to guarantee a flexible approach to and use of the document, any reference to theoretical approaches, educational models, and concepts has been worded fairly generally. The authors believe that the trainers at whom this competence model is addressed should decide on their own which theoretical approaches, models and concepts they wish to use and focus on to further develop their competences.

And finally, this competence model should be seen not only as an opportunity to work on possible training modules and strategies or on competence development, but also as a set of competences for teams of trainers where the individual team members can complement the others' skills.

The competence model has been created for use by training programmes for international youth work experts working at various levels (national, international), in NGOs, institutions, and indeed within any kind of programme.

A word on intuition...

Some aspects underlying the indicators used here are the result of what can be described as 'intuition' a phenomenon that is difficult to explain, yet very often can emerge as the essential factor determining the success of a given training activity or process. Intuition is present when knowledge, skills and attitude come together and when a given competence is comprehensively expressed. In other words, even though we may be able to tick off each and every indicator in this competence model, there is that extra 'magic element' that makes everything fall into the right place at the right time. An open mind and readiness for intuition are therefore two important attitudes to have, no matter which competence is tackled.

The competence model and its criteria and indicators

The term 'competences' refers to a system of values, attitudes and beliefs, and skills and knowledge that can be applied in practice to manage various complex situations and tasks successfully. Confidence, motivation and well-being are important prerequisites for someone wishing to apply existing competences.

COMPETENCE AREA:

Understanding and facilitating individual and group learning processes

COMPETENCES	CRITERIA	INDICATORS
SELECTING, ADAPTING OR	Knowledge of existing methods and their sources	Identifies methods and their sources
CREATING APPROPRIATE METHODS	Knowledge of methodologies used in youth training	Explains the methodologies used in youth training when choosing, adapting and creating methods
	Skill to choose, adapt or create an appropriate method	Applies methodologies used in youth training when choosing or adapting methods
		Creates and adjusts methods accordingly
	Skill to adjust to a changing training situation	Improvises and adjusts to changing situation
	Courage to improvise, adjust and deal with unknown and unpredicted situations	Dares to improvise and adjust in unknown and unpredicted situations
CREATING A SAFE, INSPIRING	Knowledge of group processes and of the principles of creating an encouraging learning environment	Base interaction with the group or a learner on specific theory
LEARNING ENVIRONMENT	Knowledge of safety regulations in a given context	Is aware of the regulations and elaborates a safety plan
	Skill to identify the potential of the environment	Makes adequate use of the environment for learning purposes

	Skill to identify risk factors Skill to support and encourage/confront the group and/or learner in useful way	'Scans' risk factors and addresses any that appear Supports and encourages/confronts the group and/or learner in a way that useful way for the group/learner Empathises with the group and shares emotions and insights honestly and respectfully
	Empathy, honesty and respect	
	Creativity	Finds creative ways to use the environment
	Attentiveness to the safety of the learner group	Recognises learners' needs and limitations as well as any changes in the situation
SUPPORT LEARNERS IN	Knowledge of the dynamics of individual learning processes	Bases interaction with learners on a specific theory
IDENTIFYING AND MEETING THEIR LEARNING NEEDS	Skill to establish a supportive relationship with the learner	Establishes a supportive relationship with the learner
AND OVERCOMING ANY BARRIERS	Skill to support and encourage/confront learners in a useful way	Support and encourages/confronts learners in a useful way
	Empathy, honesty and respect	Empathises with learners
		Dares to share emotions and insights honestly and respectfully
	Openness	Is open to everyone, every context and every situation
	Reflectiveness	Analyses situations in a comprehensive and impartial manner
UNDERSTANDING AND FACILITATING GROUP DYNAMIC IN A WAYTHAT IS	Knowledge of group processes	Analyses group processes according to a theory of group dynamics
	Knowledge of different learning styles and methods to identify them	Bases the identification of a specific learning style according to a specific theory
CONDUCIVE TO DIFFERENT WAYS OF LEARNING	Skill to identify group processes and act accordingly	Identifies changing factors and different stages of group processes
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		Adjusts group processes according to any identified change in factors
	Skill to identify and support an individual's specific way of learning	Uses tools and methods to identify and support an individual's learning style
	Empathy, respect for differences, flexibility	Empathises with learners
		Respects different ways of learning and shows flexibility
STIMULATING ACTIVE PARTICIPATION	Knowledge of principles of participatory / emancipatory / empowerment pedagogy	Demonstrates an understanding of the theories and principles behind participatory / emancipatory / empowerment pedagogy
AND MOTIVATING AND EMPOWERING	Knowledge of personality models and/or theories	Refers to personality models and/or theories
LEARNERS	Skill to work with personality-related models and/or theories	Adjusts attitude according to learner's personality
	Skill to apply and deal with principles of participatory / emancipatory / empowerment pedagogy	Bases interaction with the group of learners on a specific theory of participatory / emancipatory / empowerment pedagogy
	Skill to establish a supportive relation with the learner	Maintains a supportive relationship with learners
	Skill to support and to encourage/confront learners in a useful way	Supports and encourages/confronts learners in a useful way
	Empathy, honesty and respect	Empathises with learners
		Dares to share emotions and insights honestly and respectfully
PROMOTING CREATIVITY,	Knowledge of factors that support and block creativity	Demonstrates an understanding of factors that support and block creativity
PROBLEM- SOLVING AND 'OUT-OF-THE-BOX'	Knowledge of ways and methods to encourage creativity, problem solving and 'out-of-the-box' thinking	Refers to a variety of methods that encourage creativity, problem solving and 'out-of-the-box' thinking
THINKING	Skill to apply methods and ways encouraging creativity, problem solving and 'out-of-the-box' thinking	Enables participants to be creative and think out of the box
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		Facilitates problem solving
	Skill to establish a supportive relationship with learners	Establishes a supportive relationship with learners
	Curiosity and openness to improvise and experiment	Dares to improvise and experiment and to acknowledge the importance of this
	Empathy, honesty and respect	Empathises with learners
		Dares to share emotions and insights honestly and respectfully
EFFECTIVELY	Knowledge of ways and methods to manage one's own emotions	Refers to a given theory when identifying their own emotions
MANAGING ONE'S OWN EMOTIONS IN		Demonstrates an understanding of emotional processes and methods
TRAINING SITUATIONS; RESPECTING	Knowledge of ethical boundaries	Adopts appropriate behaviour that respects ethical boundaries within a given group of learners
ETHICAL BOUNDARIES	Skill to identify one's own emotions and relate them with a training situation	Recognises and reflects on their own emotions
VIS-À-VIS LEARNERS		Relates the emotional process to the training situation
	Skill to share one's own emotions with the group in an educational way and maintain ethical boundaries	Shares their own emotions with the group in an educational way
		Maintains ethical boundaries within the group of learners
	Empathy, honesty, respect, acceptance of ambiguity	Empathises with learners
		Dares to share emotions and insights honestly and respectfully
		Accepts unpredictable reactions from others

Learning to learn

COMPETENCES	CRITERIA	INDICATORS
ASSESSING ONE'S OWN LEARNING	Knowledge of the principles and methods of assessment and self-assessment	Refers to various assessment and self-assessment principles and methods
ACHIEVEMENTS AND COMPETENCES	Knowledge of the concept of competence and its uses in a learning context	Demonstrates an understanding of the concept of competence in a learning contex
	Skill to choose and use assessment and self- assessment tools and to derive learning achievements from this	Applies the concept of competence in a learning context
		Applies appropriate methods for assessment and self-assessment of their own learning achievements
	Skill to adjust and convey the concept of competence to various groups of learners	Communicates the concept of competence to groups of learners
	Curiosity about their own learning process	Encourages curiosity about their own learning process
	Openness and readiness to accept various perceptions of one's competences and learning achievements	Reflects on various perceptions and maintaining or recovering their own emotional balance afterwards
IDENTIFYING LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND PURSUING	Knowledge of strengths, weaknesses and learning opportunities in relevant fields and contexts	Refers to strengths, weaknesses and learning opportunities in relevant fields and contexts
THEM PRO- ACTIVELY	Knowledge of the basic principles of learning processes	Understands how learning can be organised in an effective and meaningful way
	Skill to analyse learners' strengths, weaknesses and learning opportunities and to plan the learning process accordingly	Analyses learners' strengths, weaknesses and learning opportunities

	Skill to plan the learning process according to learners' identified strengths, weaknesses and learning opportunities	Plans the learning process taking into account learners' strengths, weaknesses and learning opportunities Motivates and supports the implementation of the learning plan
	Commitment to implementing the learning plan	
	Awareness and acceptance of learners' responsibility for one's own learning process	Explicitly encourages and enables learners to take responsibility for their own learning process
	Readiness to unlearn	Intends to let go of what they have already learned or acquired to make way for new experiences and learning achievements
UNDERGOING PERSONAL/ PROFESSIONAL	Knowledge of the principles and mechanisms of feedback	Understands the values and mechanisms of feedback
DEVELOPMENT THROUGH	Skill to give, receive and integrate feedback in a constructive way	Gives, receives and integrates feedback in a constructive way
FEEDBACK	Curiosity about and readiness to ask for feedback	Asks for feedback
	Openness to accept one's own unconscious behaviours/habits	Integrates feedback and maintains or recovers their own emotional balance afterwards
ACKNOW- LEDGING AND DEALING WITH	Knowledge of learning as a continuous process	Demonstrates an understanding of learning as a continuous process
UNEXPECTED LEARNING	Skill to reflect and adjust the learning process	Reflects on the learning process
MOMENTS AND OUTCOMES		Changes learning processes accordingly
	Openness for and readiness to balance between planned and unplanned learning objectives	Trains focus on planned learning objectives while remaining open to incorporating unplanned ones
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IDENTIFYING AND PROVIDING APPROPRIATE RESOURCES TO SUPPORT	Knowledge of existing appropriate resources for supporting learning	Refers to existing appropriate resources for supporting learning
	Skill to organise existing appropriate resources	Organises existing appropriate resources for individual learning purposes
INDIVIDUAL LEARNING	Structured and organised approach	Organises resources in a structured way for learning purposes

Designing educational programmes

COMPETENCES	CRITERIA	INDICATORS
DEVELOPING AN EDUCATIONAL	Knowledge of the concept and values of non- formal learning as an educational practice	Demonstrates an understanding of the values and key principles of non-formal learning
APPROACH BASED ON THE PRINCIPLES	Knowledge of ways and methods to identify learners' needs	Demonstrates an understanding of different educational methods and concepts for needs assessment
AND VALUES OF NON-FORMAL	Skill to assess/analyse learners' needs	Assesses learners' needs before or at the very beginning of the training activity
LEARNING	Skill to adjust the educational approach to learners' needs	Addresses learners' needs through an adequate and tailored educational approach
		Makes adjustments if necessary
	Openness and readiness for unexpected elements when defining the educational approach	Is comfortable with having a flexible and adjustable programme
	Acceptance of the key concepts, values and consolidated practice of non-formal learning	Is comfortable with addressing and applying the principles of non-formal learning when designing a programme with a particular focus on 'learner-centeredness', 'transparency' 'democratic values', 'participation' and 'social transformation'
	Curiosity about learners' needs	Demonstrates a genuine interest in learners' needs

TRANSFERRING KNOWLEDGE OR VALUES RELATED TO THE	Knowledge of the concepts and methods relating to the transferability of knowledge and values to the group of learners	Demonstrates an understanding of methods and approaches promoting an effective transfer of knowledge to the group of learners and addressing value systems
ACTIVITYTO LEARNERS	Skill to transfer knowledge and related values to the group of learners	Applies methods and approaches for the transfer of knowledge and values in learning processes
	Commitment to standing for certain contents, knowledge and values in relation to the group of learners	Is comfortable with the contents, knowledge and values of the programme being challenged by the group of learners
	Readiness to constantly adjust the contents and the values of the programme to the process of the group of learners	Adjusts the approaches and contents in relation to the group of learners
NTEGRATING EARNERS' THE	Knowledge of the socio-political contexts of learners	Demonstrate an understanding of or researches the socio-political contexts of learners
POLITICAL BACKGROUNDS	Skill to deal with the socio-political contexts of learners	Interprets relevant information from/about learners
NTO THE		Adjusts the methods and approaches to learners' contexts
PROGRAMME	Readiness to challenge one's views on the educational approach with regard to the sociopolitical context of the learners	Constantly verifies the alignment between the methods and the contexts/ realities of learners
	Openness and sensitivity to socio-political	Shows interest in and sensitivity to socio-political contexts of learners

WHERE RELEVANT, INTEGRATING ICT ² , E-	Knowledge of a variety of ICT tools and e- learning related techniques and principles in non- formal learning settings	Refers to relevant ICT tools and related uses in non-formal learning settings
LEARNING AND OTHER TOOLS	Skill to apply ICT and e-learning related techniques and principles in the educational	Applies ICT tools and e-learning where necessary/relevant
AND METHODS INTO THE	programme	Connects 'offline' and 'online' learning environments and links them throughout the educational process
ACTIVITY	Openness to the challenges related to ICT and e-learning tools and techniques	Is comfortable with exploring ICT tools
	e-learning tools and techniques	Is open to resistance to e-learning and makes efforts to overcome this resistance
DESIGNING AN EVALUATION	Knowledge of evaluation processes and assessment mechanisms and tools	Is aware of different evaluation and assessment approaches and how to apply them
PROCESS AND IMPACT ASSESSMENT	Skill to apply evaluations and impact assessment methods and principles for designing evaluation processes	Applies specific assessment methods and principles in evaluation processes
	Skill to connect evaluation and impact assessments with relevant conclusions for further	Draws conclusions from the evaluation
	learning	Ensures that outcomes are based on the content of the evaluation and impact assessment

² Information and communication technologies - ICT

	Openness to various evaluation and assessment approaches	Is comfortable with different evaluation and assessment approaches
	Recognition of the importance of evaluation and impact assessment during and after the educational process	Accepts evaluation and impact assessment during and after the educational process as natural and important
HOOSE AND ESIGNING	Knowledge of different ways to collect information	Refers to various ways of collecting information
IETHODS FOR OLLECTING,	Skill to collect, choose, interpret and use information according to the context of the	Defines appropriate ways to collect information
ITERPRETING ND	activity	Identifies the information relevant to an issue or a question
SSEMINATING FORMATION		Interprets the information according to the context of the activity
DATA, ESOURCES,		Makes relevant use of quantitative and qualitative data
FINDINGS, ETC.)	Openness to the ambiguity inherent in the information collected and to its use	Is comfortable with uncertainty when dealing with and using the collected information
	Recognition of the importance of collecting and using information	Sees the collection and use of information as natural and important

Cooperating successfully in teams

COMPETENCES	CRITERIA	INDICATORS
CONTRIBUTING ACTIVELYTO TEAM TASKS	Knowledge of the tasks of the tam	Knows how to orientate and relate his/her efforts to the tasks of the team
	Skill to clarify roles and responsibilities in the team	Masters methods and techniques to support a clear and fair division of roles and responsibilities
		Promotes communication and cooperation amongst team members to show qualities and overcome resistance
	Openness to tasks that are not necessarily part of their usual role	Dares to be challenged and to take on new roles and responsibilities
		Requests and offers support when needed
		Looks for additional resources where needed
BEING WILLING TO TAKE ON RESPONSIBILITY	Knowledge of one's possibilities and limits in the context of educational activity	Analyses and identifies their own resources and limits in the context of the activity
KESI ONSIBILITI	Skill to ensure that roles and responsibilities are properly distributed in the team	Ensures that knowledge and skills in the team are shared and communicated
		Contributes to team members' well-being with regard to the tasks to be performed
	Openness and readiness to accept challenges	Challenges their own competences
		Follows through with new tasks to ensure safety for the team members and learner

ENCOURAGING AND INVOLVING	Knowledge of the resources of team members	Demonstrates an understanding of team competences	
OTHER TEAM MEMBERS	Skill to involve other team members	Coaches colleagues – where possible and necessary – based on the approach to non-formal learning (e.g., if requested)	
		Encourages colleagues	
		Facilitates team spirit and trust	
	Skill to foster cooperation among team members	Applies team work mechanisms	
	members	Balances working styles and preferences	
		Challenges colleagues where necessary and appropriate	
		Highlights everyone's strengths	
	Curiosity and goodwill towards the team members	Shows genuine interest in and support for team members	
LEARNING WITH AND FROM OTHERS	Awareness of the learning potential others can offer and of the principles of 'to get and to give'	Acknowledges colleagues' learning potential and makes best use of it	
OTTLERS	Openness towards sharing one's own potential and curiosity about others' resources	Shares their own ideas and resources and shows interest in other team members' idea and resources	
		Asks for support and recognises personal limitations	
		Supports colleagues' learning needs	

BEING AWARE OF THE TEAM PROCESSES AND HOW THEY AFFECT THE TEAM'S EFFECTIVENESS	Knowledge of team processes and their influence on team effectiveness	Refers to team processes and their potential influence on team effectiveness
	Skill to recognise team processes during team work and to adjust them accordingly	Manages tailor-made team work processes
	Openness to team processes and recognition of their importance	Shows an interest in the team process and does not ignore any team work issues
MANAGING DISAGREEMENTS CONSTRUCTIVELY	Knowledge of the theories and concepts of constructive communication (e.g., social intelligence, emotional intelligence, conflict resolution, etc.)	Refers to these theories and concepts to understand and explain disagreement
	Skill to recognise disagreements and apply specific ways and methods for dealing with disagreements	Recognises disagreements and applies various ways to deal with them
		Drives collective and individual emotions towards a resolution
		Receives and phrases criticism respectfully, honestly and constructively
		Listens to and expresses emotions in a team work context
	Tolerance for interpersonal tensions and openness to deal with disagreements	Deals with frustration in a constructive manner

Communicating meaningfully with others

COMPETENCES	CRITERIA	INDICATORS
AN ABILITY TO LISTEN	Knowledge of the various dimensions and elements of active listening and non-verbal communication	Demonstrates an understanding of what lies behind the concepts of active listening and non-verbal communication
ACTIVELY	communication	Refers to theories and shares the sources of knowledge
	Skill to actively listen	Listens carefully to others without interrupting and in an unbiased manner
		Pays attention to body language
	Skill to support learners in engaging in active listening	Encourages sharing and expressing using adequate methods
	Non-judgmental and engaging attitude	Listens openly, without judgement
AN ABILITY TO BE EMPATHETIC	Knowledge of empathy and related mechanisms	Understands the difference between sympathy and empathy
	Skill to work with empathy in a way that allows others to learn from the experience	Applies empathy practices in a way that allows others to learn from the Experience
		Acknowledges the experience of the learner
	Skill to empathise and to relate to emotional mechanisms	Identifies what sparks their own emotions and empathises with the learner
	Openness to the expression of feelings and emotions	Is comfortable dealing with unexpressed concerns, feelings and emotions

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Readiness to challenge one's own emotions a nd beliefs	Where relevant, is honest about their personal emotional process
Knowledge of emotional intelligence principles	Shows a clear understanding of feelings and emotions and their impact on others
Skill to deal with emotions and to ask for support	Creates opportunities for meaningful communication
	Relates the person to the issue/situation
Skill to encourage sharing and support within the group	Creates a safe environment where feelings and emotions can be freely and respectfully expressed
	Asks the right questions when confronted with unclear or unexpressed negative feelings
Openness to the clear expression of thoughts, feelings and emotions	Recognises and understands when personal support is needed
Knowledge of the various dimensions of identity	Demonstrates an understanding of modern concepts and theories of diversity
Skill to develop, adjust and apply methods supporting an awareness of one's identity and its inherent elements	Deals with uniqueness though a complex approach to their own identity
	Addresses the issue of identity when working with a group of learners
	Explicitly or implicitly relates theories and experiences to the realities and identities of the group of learners i
	Knowledge of emotional intelligence principles Skill to deal with emotions and to ask for support Skill to encourage sharing and support within the group Openness to the clear expression of thoughts, feelings and emotions Knowledge of the various dimensions of identity Skill to develop, adjust and apply methods supporting an awareness of one's identity and

BEING DIVERSITY- AWARE	Knowledge of methods and approaches towards working with diverse groups of learners	Refers to methods and approaches towards working with diverse groups of learners
	Knowledge of diversity-related mechanisms	Demonstrates an understanding of diversity-related mechanisms
	Skill to use methods and approaches that enable cooperation among and working with different learners within a group	Applies methods that allow the group of learners to deal with diversity and support intra-group cooperation
		Deals with the limitations of certain principles and the impact they can have on a group's diversity
	Skill to work with diverse groups of learners	Works effectively with learners from diverse backgrounds
	Sensitivity and openness to diversity	Is sensitive to the needs of and challenges faced by learners and opportunities that exist within the group of learners

Intercultural competence

COMPETENCES	CRITERIA	INDICATORS
REFLECTING ACCEPTANCE OF AMBIGUITY AND	Knowledge of the notions and concepts of acceptance of ambiguity and change	Refers to theories, concepts and experiences that relate to ambiguity and change in the activity and when designing the educational approach
CHANGE		Demonstrates an understanding of their own biases and behaviours when addressing stereotypes
	Skill to deal with ambiguity and change	Avoids using methods which implicitly reinforce stereotypes and discrimination
		Uses appropriate tools and methods to support learners in deconstructing and reconstructing reality (tackling stereotypes, prejudices, assumptions, etc.
		Works with the notion of change and overcomes resistance within the group of learners
	Openness to unexpected issues and to ambiguity within the group and the learning process	Dares to face and deal adequately with ambiguity with regard to the group's and individuals' realities
		Raises awareness of this dimension in an intercultural context
MAINTAINING AWARENESS OF ONE'S OWN IDENTITY	Knowledge of identity-related mechanisms and theories (with a focus on cultural contexts)	Refers to concepts and theories related to identity Understands the link between the educational approach and the realities and needs of the group of learners
	Skill to raise identity-related awareness within the group	Encourages learners to reflect on their own identity and related elements / dimensions

	Openness to question and reflect on one's own identity	Openly reflects upon their own identity and the dynamic aspect(s) of it
SHOWING A WILLINGNESS AND	Knowledge of the various dimensions of culture and identity	Understands culture as a dynamic and multifaceted process
ABILITY TO LOOK AT IDENTITY, CULTURE AND	identity	Refers to related concepts and theories (in a(n) (inter)cultural context)
RELATED ASPECTS AND DIMENSIONS FROM DIFFERENT	Knowledge of the theories and concepts of power relations	Refers to mechanisms dealing with power within and between groups
PERSPECTIVES	Skill to work with interrelated dimensions of culture and identity	Stimulates learners' reflection on identity and culture from different perspectives
	Readiness to confront and be confronted	Dares to deal with the complexity of culture and its dimensions in the group and/or for the well-being of the learners
CRITICALLY REFLECTING AND	Knowledge of interrelations within a given group	Conceptualises, analyses and synthesises information about or in the group
DISTANCE ONESELF FROM ONE'S OWN		Refers to dimensions such as connectivity and complexity between identity politics, society and history, among others
PERCEPTIONS, BIASES, AND STEREOTYPICAL CONSTRUCTIONS OF REALITY	Knowledge of mechanisms linked to stereotypical constructions of reality	Understands personal biases and assumptions mechanisms
	Skill to initiate critical reflection	Contrasts statements and beliefs
		Recognises and interprets words, body language and non-verbal cues in a culturally appropriate manner
		Encourages observation, experience, reflection, reasoning, and communication among learners

REFLECTING AND USING DIVERSE WAYS AND METHODS TO INCREASE SELF- AWARENESS	Knowledge of various approaches towards raising awareness; capitalising on the outcomes for the learners' benefit	Understands various approaches towards raising awareness and capitalises on the outcomes for the learners' benefit
	Skill to enhance and capitalise the outcomes of an awareness-raising process for the learners' benefit	Raises awareness of conflicts within society and how they relate to the intercultural dialogue
		Encourages exploring their own identity and deal with the resulting emotional potential
		Encourages the expression of various point of view and is able to deconstruct certain processes
	Willingness to support and empower	Promotes confidence and shows [a framed] flexibility in terms of their cultural and communicative behaviour
BEING ABLE TO APPLY HUMAN RIGHTS	Knowledge of basic human rights principles and how to work on them through different methods	Refers to the challenges of diversity in a human rights context
PRINCIPLES	Skill to work on human rights through various methods (human rights education-related)	Uses and /or puts into practice the basics of human rights and human rights education and related methods
	Skill to encourage reflection on human rights related issues	Supports learners' reflection on issues such as solidarity, social justice, promotion and protection of human rights, discrimination, dignity and equality etc., in relation to the content of the activity.

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